

Aircraft Check-Out Form

Pilot'	s Name: Date:/						
Aircra	aft Make & Model: Tail Number: N						
Certi	ficate Type: Certificate No:						
Ratin	gs:Last Flight Review:/						
Medi	cal: Class 1 2 3 Basic Med Date:/						
	Check-out sheet must be completed and approved by a Journeys Aviation full time flight actor prior to acting as a Pilot-in-Command of this aircraft type.						
A.	GENERAL						
1.	What aircraft documents must be on board?						
2.	What documents must you carry with you as PIC?						
3.	How many fuel tanks on board? Total Fuel Capacity? Usable?						
4.	How many fuel drains are there? Where are they?						
5.	What is the recommended fuel grade? Color?						
6.	What position should the fuel selector be in for takeoff?						
7.	What position should the fuel selector be in for landing?						
8.	How many fuel pumps are there? When should the electric fuel pump be						
	used?						
9.	What is the maximum & minimum oil quantity? quarts						
10.	What is the oil type and viscosity?						
11.	How many strokes of prime do you use for normal starts?						
12.	How many strokes of prime do you use for hot starts?						
13.	What does the engine use? CARBURATOR HEAT or ALTERNATE AIR						

Hov	w many degrees	of flaps are avail	able on this	aircraft? _			
What flap settings should be used for the following operations:							
Normal Takeoff:			N	Normal Landing:			
Short-field Takeoff:			S	Short-field Landing:			
Soft-field Takeoff:			S	oft-field La	anding:		
PERFORMANCE: Available in the POH in the aircraft but you should download one.							
Airspeeds (KIAS):							
V _{so} :		V _{fe} :		Cruis	se Climb:		
Vs:		Va:		Best	Glide:		
V _y :		V _{no} :		Appr	oach with flaps:		
V _x :		V _{ne} :		Appr	oach no flaps:		
Vr:		Maximum	Demonstrat	ted Crossv	vind:		
What are the recommended power settings for:							
a)	Takeoff:	MP:	_ RPM:		only RPM for fi	xed pitch	
b)	Climb:	MP:	_ RPM:		only RPM for fi	xed pitch	
c)	Cruise at 7,000 feet pressure altitude, 75% power, temperature 0°C						
	MP:	RPM:	GPH:	_ KTAS:	BHP: _	%	
	RANGE:	(NM)	ENDUR	ANCE:			
	(include 1 hr	reserve fuel)					
Cor - - - -	Conditions: - 6,000 feet pressure altitude - 85°F - Maximum gross weight - 10 knots headwind component - Maximum takeoff flap setting						
Tak	Takeoff ground roll:		Takeoff	Takeoff distance (50' obstacle):			
Lan	Landing ground roll:		Landing	Landing distance (50' obstacle):			
Rat	Rate of Climb at 6000' PALT, -20°C, MTOW, Full Throttle:						
	Rate of Climb at 6000' PALT, 30°C, MTOW, Full Throttle:						

C.	WEIGHT & BAL	ANCE					
1.	Maximum ramp weight: lbs.						
2.	Maximum takeoff weight: lbs.						
3.	Aircraft empty weight: lbs. (see website)						
4.	C.G. limits (inch	es): FW[D:	AFT:			
5.	Baggage compa	artment weight I	imits:				
	Fwd:	lbs.	Aft:	lbs.			
6.	Aircraft useful lo	ad:	lbs.	Full fuel load:	lbs		
7.	Conditions:						
	Back seaFuel:	ts: Pilot and pa ts: Two passe Full tanks (15 lbs	ngers @ 160	lbs. each			
	ITEM	Weight	lbs	Arm inches	Moment		
	rating Empty Wt						
	nt Seat, Left						
	nt Seat, Right						
	r Seat Pax						
	gage Area #1						
	gage Area #2	_					
Fue							
	_		-		inches		
ls this	s over or under M	TOW & what ac	ljustments wo	ould you make:			
D.	POWERPLANT	(S)					
1.	Make and mode	l:					
	a) Check or	e: Fixed pitch	: 	Constant	speed:		
	b) Check or	e: Fuel injecte	ed:	Carburete	ed:		
	c) Check or	e: Turbo char	ged:	Normally	aspirated:		
	d) When op		ane with a co		ler, to reduce power,		

2.	Hors	sepower:	HP.							
	a)	What is the max	kimum allowabl	e RPM:	M	IP:	inches.			
	b)	Can it be used	continuously?	YES:	N	O:				
	c)	If not, for how lo	ong?							
	d)	Can it be excee	ded? YE	S:	NO:	<u></u>				
3.	Doe	s this aircraft have	an EFT Gauge	e? Yes	No					
4.	What is the best procedure for leaning to best power?									
5.	If an	If an engine failure occurs at altitude, what steps should be taken to restore power?								
	a) _									
	b) _									
	c) _	c)								
	d) _	d)								
	e) _	e)								
	f)	f)								
	g) _	g)								
	h) _									
E.	SYS	STEMS								
1.	Wha	at is the voltage of	the electrical sy	/stem?		Volts.				
2.	Are	the flaps manual c	or electric?							
its lir	mitatio	I and understand the ns. I completed the ed from aircraft pul	e foregoing que	estionnaire ba	ased on my o					
Pilot's signature					D	/ ate:	/			
		sonally reviewed ar adequate to safely			ire, and find	the above-r	amed pilot's			
Instr	uctor's	signature		Certificate	e Number	Expira	/ tion			



Pilot and Aircraft Checkout Procedures

Ρi	lot's Name:	Date:	/	/
Ai	rcraft Make & Model:	Tail Number: N_		
Tc	otal Flight Time: In Make & Model:			
Α	Procedures and Maneuvers			Enter Date
F	Maneuver or task: Ground Discussion: 1. Review Boulder Municipal Airport Noise Abatement Proce 2. Airport familiarization 3. Aircraft Questionnaire (for each aircraft type) 4. Usage of a pre-heater unit during cold weather operations 5. Emergencies (to include): During takeoff In flight Lost communication Electrical failure, fire Flight Procedures/Maneuvers 6. Preflight inspection and proper handling & care of equipment 7. Use of Aircraft Checklist 8. Proper ground procedures (taxiing, run-up and before takeoff) 9. Practice Area familiarization 10. Steep Turns 11. Maneuvering during slow flight 12. Stall recoveries (power-on and power-off) 13. In-flight emergencies 14. Normal/Crosswind takeoffs and landings 15. Soft and short field takeoffs and landings 16. No flap Landings 17. After landing procedures 18. Parking 19. Aircraft Tie-Down/Returning into hangar Completion of Aircraft Checkout:			Performed:
<u>Ч</u>	ptional Remarks:			
Si	gnature of CFI Cert.#:		/ Exp Dat	e:
۱h	nave received an aircraft checkout consisting of the procedures and	maneuvers as noted	above.	
_ Pi	lot Signature:		/_ Date:	/

Boulder Municipal Airport Noise Abatement Procedures

- 1. All traffic pattern entries should be conducted in conformity with the City of Boulder Airport Noise Abatement procedures.
- 2. All aircraft should be flown at or above 7,500 feet mean sea level (MSL) over noise-sensitive areas (outside of the traffic pattern) and at reduced power settings. Avoid these areas when possible.
- 3. All downwind legs should be over Jay Road, and base legs should be east of 30th Street for landings on Runway 8.
- 4. Operate aircraft at the most reduced power settings (that are safely possible) in the airport traffic pattern or while entering the pattern. This reduces the number of extended final approaches.
- 5. Climb to at least 500 feet above ground level (AGL) after takeoff before turning crosswind. All Runway 8 departures should be straight out to the east. Avoid the Gunbarrel area on departure.
- 6. Use Runway 8 for most operations (except night landings) and when the wind is less than five knots from the west and expected to remain at less than five knots.
- 7. Avoid making touch-and-go landings at the Boulder Municipal Airport before 8 a.m. and after 5 p.m.
- 8. Avoid flight operations between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. For early morning departures (before 7 a.m.), please depart straight out to the east and reduce power settings, consistent with safe operating procedures.
- 9. Straight-in approaches to Runway 26 are recommended for night landings (wind and weather permitting).
- 10. Do not fly over the raptor nesting areas of the Flatirons (mountains southwest of town) from Feb. 1 through July 31. This is a protected area for peregrine falcons.

Use good discretion and always maintain safe operating procedures!

